(5 (50- F 24 Review September 3, 2024 **Announcements** Condition, - Out of glitches grade remedy Goals - Conditioning - Backward error - According / Stability " condition umbor"; - Floating point

Example: Condition Number of Evaluating a Function

y = f(x). Assume f differentiable.

$$V_{rel} = \max_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \frac{|J(x) - J(x)|}{|J(x)|}$$

$$J(x) = J(x + \Delta x) - J(x) + J'(x) \Delta x + \dots + O(\Delta x)$$

$$V_{rel} > \frac{|J(x) - J(x)|}{|J(x)|} \cdot \frac{|X|}{|X|} \rightarrow \frac{|J(x) - J(x)|}{|J(x)|} \cdot \frac{|X|}{|X|} \rightarrow 0$$

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Demo: Conditioning of Evaluating tan [cleared]

Stability and Accuracy

Previously: Considered <i>problems</i> or <i>questions</i> . Next: Considered <i>methods</i> , i.e. computational approaches to find solution. When is a method <i>accurate</i> ?	5.
When is a method stable?	
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Stability and Accuracy

Previously: Considered *problems* or *questions*.

Next: Considered *methods*, i.e. computational approaches to find solutions. When is a method *accurate*?

Closeness of method output to true answer for unperturbed input.

When is a method stable?

- "A method is stable if the result it produces is the exact answer for a nearby input."
- ▶ The above is commonly called backward stability.

Stricter than: the method's sensitivity to input variation is not much worse than the conditioning.

2

Relevance of Backward Error

What do we gain from a bound on backward error like

$$\frac{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \dot{\boldsymbol{x}}\|}{\|\boldsymbol{x}\|} \le \epsilon?$$

We can use cond. hr. bond to obtain a state ment on (backinad) skability). 1 y- 3) & u.d. (x-2) & urel. &

Demo: Backward Stability by Example [cleared]

give only give in put output li solve x Ime

Getting into Trouble with Accuracy and Stability

How	can I produce inaccurate results?	?
/		
1		
1		
1		
1		
1		
1		
1		
1		
1		