

CS556 Iterative Methods Fall 2024 Homework 3.

Due Tuesday, Oct. 8, 5 PM.

1. Conjugate Gradient Convergence. Consider the $n \times n$ SPD matrix

$$A = VDV^T, \tag{1}$$

where V is orthonormal and $D = \text{diag}(1, 2 \dots n-1, M)$, with $M := n^2$. Let A_n be defined in the same way as A , save that $M = n$.

- What is the condition number of A_n ?
- What is the condition number of A ?
- Using the CG error bound (e.g., Eq. (25) of the “projection2a.pdf” from the 9-24-2024 notes on Relate), estimate the number of iterations k required to reach a *relative* error tolerance, $tol = 2 \times 10^{-8}$ in the A -norm or A_n -norm when solving a system in A or A_n , respectively. (Use actual logarithms, rather than the quick estimates we used in class.) Please show the steps used to reach your given estimate.
- **Challenge.** Let k_{\max} and k_n denote your estimated iteration counts from the preceding question. Use the best-fit principles of CG to show that the number of CG iterations for solving $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ to tolerance tol is bounded by $k_n + 1$. *Hint: Think carefully about a polynomial that would solve the discrete minimax problem.*
- Code up CG Saad (2nd Ed.) **Alg. 6.18** and solve $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ with random rhs \mathbf{b} with $n = 101$. What number of iterations do you find to reach a relative A -norm error tolerance of $tol = 2 \times 10^{-8}$? (Note that V can be generated as `[V,R]=qr(rand(n,n));`).
- Make a semilogy plot of $\|\mathbf{e}_k\|_A / \|\mathbf{x}\|_A$ and $\|\mathbf{r}_k\|_2 / \|\mathbf{b}\|_2$ vs. k , both on the same graph, and comment on your observations for the graph and the overall analysis.

2. Coarse-Grid + Diagonal Preconditioning.

- Full description to be announced.